## 10 Technical data

## 10.1 Power supply

Power supply 100 to 240 V  $\pm$  10 % / 50 to 60 Hz  $\pm$  5 %

Overvoltage category IEC 61010-1 category II

Degree of contamination: IEC 61010-1 category II

Power consumption approx. 20 W during operation,

approx. 10 W in standby mode

Permitted mains interruption approx. 10 ms at 90 V

approx. 20 ms at 220 V

Fuses T 1A/250 V, 5 mm x 20 mm (2 off)

## 10.2 Ambient conditions

Operation Ambient temperature: 15 to 35 °C

Rel. humidity: 15 to 70%

Atmospheric pressure: 86 to 106 kPa
Ambient temperature: -25 to 70 °C

Rel. humidity: 15 to 70%

Atmospheric pressure: 30 to 106 kPa

Not tropicalized.

Storage

Protect against direct sunlight.

## 10.3 Weight / dimensions

Weight 3 kg (packaged: 4.8 kg)

Dimensions Width: 200 mm (packaged: 290 mm)
Depth: 320 mm (packaged: 430 mm)

Height: 100 mm (packaged: 430 mm)

Space required Width: 400 mm (or 650 mm including printer)

Depth: 500 mm

## 10.4 Interfaces

Interface for printer and PC serial RS-232

The printer to be connected must meet the requirements of EN 60950 or UL 1950.

EN

## 10 Technical data

#### 10.5 Photometer

Measuring principle Absorption single beam photometer with reference

beam and several fixed wavelenghts

Light source Xenon flash light

Monochromator Holographic concave grating

Beam receiver Silicon photo diodes

Wavelengths 230, 260, 280, 340, 405, 490, 550, 595, 650 nm Dependent on method, controlled by program Wavelength selection

Spectral bandwidth 5 nm at 230 to 340 nm

7 nm at 405 to 650 nm Systematic wavelength error ± 1 nm at 230 to 280 nm

± 2 nm at 340 to 650 nm Photometric measuring range Quartz glass cuvette:

• A = 0 to 3, except: A = 0 to 2 at 340 nm Only for dye methods:

A = 0 to 2 at 550/650 nm

UVette (Eppendorf):

• A = 0 to 2.5 at 230 nm • A = 0 to 2.6 at 260 nm A = 0 to 2.8 at 280 nm

· Other values see quartz glass cuvette

 $\Delta A = 0.001$ Reading accuracy

Random photometric error  $\leq$  0.002 at A = 0

 $\leq$  0.005 at A = 1

Systematic photometric error  $\pm$  1% at A = 1 Stray light component < 0.05 %

#### 10.6 Other technical parameters

For DNA, RNA, Oligo, Protein UV, Assay 340: Cuvette material

Quartz glass or UV transparent plastic

(UVette by Eppendorf)

For OD600, Bradford, Lowry, BCA, Assay 405,

Assay 490: Glass or plastic

Cuvette shaft 12.5 mm x 12,5 mm, not temperature-controlled

Overall cuvette height Min. 36 mm Height of the light beam in the cuvette 8.5mm Light beam in the cuvette Width: 1 mm

Height: 1.5 mm

Keyboard 19 foil keys

Display Illuminated graphic display, 33 mm x 60 mm

Operator guidance language English, French, German Result output Via display and printer:

Absorbance, concentration, ratio, FOI

According to VDE, CE, IEC 1010-1 Standards and regulations

# 10 Technical data

### 10.7 **Application parameters**

Method memory

Measuring methods

Method-dependent evaluation

32 preprogrammed, modifiable method programs

End point against blank

Dye methods: parallel measurement of

biomolecule and dye label

absorbance

concentration via factor

concentration via calibration with 1 to 10 standards:

- single point calibration (1 standard)
- linear regression (2 to 10 standards)
- non-linear regression (polynome of 3rd degree; 4 or 5 to 10 standards (see Evaluation procedure on page 43)).
- 1x, 2x or 3x measurement

for nucleic acids:

- ratio 260/280
- ratio 260/230
- · molar concentration
- · total yield

for dye methods:

• FOI (frequency of incorporation; marking density)

For all calibration methods

For 100 results with abosrbance and ratio values, sample number, sample dilution, date

and time

Calibration memory Measured value memory